Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-75 (cancelled)

- 76. (new) A method for modulating the immune response of a subject, the method comprises administering to said subject a sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate together with a biologically active molecule, the biologically active molecule being effective to modulate said immune response.
- 77. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate comprises a sphingoid backbone carrying, via a carbamoyl bond at least one polyalkylamine chain.
- 78. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said modulation includes stimulation or enhancement of the immune response.

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- 79. (new) The method of any one of Claims 76, wherein said biologically active molecule is associated with said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate.
- 80. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said biologically active molecule has, at a physiological pH, a net negative dipole moment, a net negative charge or contains at least one region having a net negative charge.
- 81. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said biologically active molecule is an immunomodulator selected from a nucleic acid molecule, an amino acid molecule or a low molecular weight compound.
- 82. (new) The method Claim 76, wherein said biologically active molecule is selected from an antigenic protein, antigenic peptide, antigenic polypeptide, or a carbohydrate.
- 83. (new) The method Claim 76, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is an oligodeoxynucleotides (ODN).
- 84. (new) The method of Claim 76, further comprising administering to said subject an immunostimulating agent.

- 85. (new) The method of Claim 84, wherein said immunostimulating agent is administered concomitant with, or within a time interval before after administration of said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate.
- 86. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate forms a lipid assembly.
- 87. (new) The method of Claim 86, wherein said lipid assembly comprises vesicles or micelles or combination of same.
- 88. (new) The method of Claim 87, wherein said biologically active molecule is associated with said lipid assembly.
- 89. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein the sphingoid is selected from ceramide, dihydroceramide, phytoceramide, dihydrophytoceramide, ceramine, dihydroceramine, phytoceramine, dihydrophytoceramine.
- 90. (new) The method of Claim 89, wherein said sphingoid is ceramide.

- 91. (new) The method of Claim 90, wherein said polyalkylamine is selected from spermine, spermidine, a polyamine analog or a combination of same thereof.
- 92. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate is N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl-spermine (CCS).
- 93. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate has the following formula (I):

$$R_2$$
— W
 CH_2OR_4
 NHR_1

wherein

 $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a hydrogen, a branched or linear alkyl, aryl, alkylamine, or a group $-C(O)R_5$;

 R_2 and R_5 represent, independently, a branched or linear $\text{C}_{10}\text{-}\text{C}_{24}$ alkyl, alkenyl or polyenyl groups;

 ${f R}_3$ and ${f R}_4$ are independently a group -C(O)-NR₆ R₇, ${f R}_6$ and ${f R}_7$ being the same or different for R₃ and R₄ and represent, independently, a hydrogen, or a saturated or unsaturated branched or linear polyalkylamine, wherein one or more amine units in said

polyalkylamine may be a quaternary ammonium; or $\mathbf{R_3}$ is a hydrogen; or

 ${f R}_3$ and ${f R}_4$ form together with the oxygen atoms to which they are bound a heterocyclic ring comprising $-C(O)-NR_9-[R_8-NR_9]_m-C(O)-$, ${f R}_8$ represents a saturated or unsaturated C_1-C_4 alkyl and ${f R}_9$ represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine of the formula $-[R_8-NR_9]_n-$, wherein said R_9 or each alkylamine unit R_8NR_9 may be the same or different in said polyalkylamine; and

- ${f n}$ and ${f m}$, represent independently an integer from 1 to 10;
- W represents a group selected from -CH=CH-, $-CH_2-CH(OH)-$ or $-CH_2-CH_2-$.
- 94. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein R_1 represents a $C(0)R_5$ group, R_5 being as defined.
- 95. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein said R_2 and R_5 represent, independently, a linear or branched $C_{12}\text{-}C_{18}$ alkyl or alkenyl groups.
- 96. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein W represents -CH=CH-.
- 97. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a C(O)R₅ group; $\mathbf{R_5}$ represents a C₁₂-C₁₈ linear or branched alkyl or

alkenyl; W represents -CH=CH-; \mathbf{R}_2 represents a C_{12} - C_{18} linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{R}_3 and \mathbf{R}_4 represent, independently, a group C(O)-NR₆R₇, and \mathbf{R}_3 may also represent a hydrogen, wherein \mathbf{R}_6 and \mathbf{R}_7 represent, independently, a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine having the general formula (II):

wherein

 \mathbf{R}_8 represent a C_1-C_4 alkyl;

 R_9 represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine branch of formula (II), said R_8 and R_9 may be the same or different for each alkylamine unit, $-R_8NR_9-$, in the polyalkylamine of formula (II); and

n represents an integer from 3 to 6.

- 98. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein R_3 is a hydrogen atom.
- 99. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein both R_3 and R_4 represent the same or a different polyalkylamine.
- 100. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a $-C(0)R_5$ group; $\mathbf{R_5}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{W} represents -CH=CH-; $\mathbf{R_2}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ represent independently a

group C(0)-NR₆R₇, wherein $\mathbf{R_6}$ and $\mathbf{R_7}$ represent, independently, an alkylamine or a polyalkylamine having the general formula (II):

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_8 - NR_9 \end{bmatrix} H$$

wherein

 \mathbf{R}_8 represent a C_1-C_4 alkyl;

 R_9 represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine branch of formula (II), said R_8 and R_9 may be the same or different for each alkylamine unit, $-R_8NR_9-$, in the polyalkylamine of formula (II); and

 ${\bf n}$ represents an integer from 3 to 6.

101. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a $C(0)R_5$ group; $\mathbf{R_5}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{W} represents -CH=CH-; $\mathbf{R_2}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ form together with the oxygen atoms to which they are bonded a heterocyclic ring comprising $-C(0)-[NH-R_8]_n-NH-C(0)-$,

wherein

 ${f R}_8$ represents a C₁-C₄ alkyl, wherein for each alkylamine unit having the formula -NH-R₈-, said R₈ may be the same or different; and ${f n}$ represents an integer from 3 to 6.

102. (new) The method of Claim 93, wherein said R_{8} is a $C_{3}-\\$ C_{4} alkyl.

- 103. (new) The method of Claim 76, wherein said biologically active material is derived from influenza virus or an analog of a molecule derived from influenza virus.
- 104. (new) The method of Claim 103, wherein said biologically active material is a combination of hemagglutinin and neuraminidase (HN).
- 105. (new) The method of Claim 76, comprising intranasal or intramuscular administration of said conjugate.
- 106. (new) The method of Claim 92, comprising intranasal or intramuscular administration of said N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl-spermine together with said biologically active molecule.
- 107. (new) A method for stimulating or enhancing the immune response of a subject to influenza virus, the method comprises providing said subject with N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl-spermine (CCS) together with an influenza antigen.

- 108. (new) A vaccine comprising sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate and an amount of a biologically active molecule, the amount of said biologically active molecule being effective to modulate the immune response of a subject.
- 109. (new) The vaccine of Claim 108, wherein said biologically active molecule is effective to stimulate or enhance the immune response of said subject.
- 110. (new) The vaccine of Claim 109, further comprising an immunostimulating agent.
- 111. (new) The vaccine of claim 108, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate comprises a sphingoid backbone carrying, via a carbamoyl bond at lest one polyalkylamine chain.
- 112. (new) The vaccine of Claim 111, wherein said sphingoid backbone is selected from ceramide, dihydroceramide, phytoceramide, dihydrophytoceramide, ceramine, dihydrophytoceramine, phytoceramine, dihydrophytoceramine.
- 113. (new) The vaccine of Claim 112, wherein said sphingoid is ceramide.

- 114. (new) The vaccine of Claim 108, wherein said polyalkylamine chain is selected from spermine, spermidine or a polyalkylamine analog of spermine or spermidine.
- 115. (new) The vaccine of Claim 108, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate is N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl-spermine (CCS).
- 116. (new) The vaccine of Claim 115, wherein said biologically active molecule is a molecule derived from influenza virus or is an analog of a molecule derived from influenza virus.
- 117. (new) A vaccine comprising N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl-spermine (CCS) in combination with hemagglutinin neuraminidase.
- 118. (new) The vaccine of Claim 108, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate has the following formula (I):

$$R_2$$
 CH_2OR_4
 NHR_1

wherein

 $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a hydrogen, a branched or linear alkyl, aryl, alkylamine, or a group $-C(O)R_5$;

 ${\bf R_2}$ and ${\bf R_5}$ represent, independently, a branched or linear $C_{10}-C_{24}$ alkyl, alkenyl or polyenyl groups;

 $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ are independently a group -C(0) -NR₆ R₇, $\mathbf{R_6}$ and $\mathbf{R_7}$ being the same or different for R₃ and R₄ and represent, independently, a hydrogen, or a saturated or unsaturated branched or linear polyalkylamine, wherein one or more amine units in said polyalkylamine may be a quaternary ammonium; or $\mathbf{R_3}$ is a hydrogen; or

 $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ form together with the oxygen atoms to which they are bound a heterocyclic ring comprising $-C(0)-NR_9-[R_8-NR_9]_m-C(0)-$, $\mathbf{R_8}$ represents a saturated or unsaturated C_1-C_4 alkyl and $\mathbf{R_9}$ represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine of the formula $-[R_8-NR_9]_n-$, wherein said R_9 or each alkylamine unit R_8NR_9 may be the same or different in said polyalkylamine; and

n and m, represent independently an integer from 1 to 10;

W represents a group selected from -CH=CH-, $-CH_2-CH(OH)-$ or $-CH_2-CH_2-$.

- 119. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein R_1 represents a -C(O) R_5 group, R_5 being as defined.
- 120. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein said R_2 and R_5 represent, independently, a linear or branched $C_{12}\text{-}C_{18}$ alkyl or alkenyl groups.
- 121. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein W represents -CH=CH-.
- 122. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a $-C(0)R_5$ group; $\mathbf{R_5}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{W} represents -CH=CH-; $\mathbf{R_2}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ represent, independently, a group $C(0)-NR_6R_7$, and $\mathbf{R_3}$ may also represent a hydrogen, wherein $\mathbf{R_6}$ and $\mathbf{R_7}$ represent, independently, a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine having the general formula (II):

wherein

 $\mathbf{R_8}$ represent a C_1-C_4 alkyl;

 R_9 represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine branch of formula (II), said R_8 and R_9 may be the same or different for each alkylamine unit, $-R_8NR_9-$, in the polyalkylamine of formula (II); and

n represents an integer from 3 to 6.

- 123. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein R_3 is a hydrogen atom.
- 124. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein both R_3 and R_4 represent the same or a different polyalkylamine.
- 125. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein $\mathbf{R_1}$ represents a $-C(0)R_5$ group; $\mathbf{R_5}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{W} represents -CH=CH-; $\mathbf{R_2}$ represents a $C_{12}-C_{18}$ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; $\mathbf{R_3}$ and $\mathbf{R_4}$ represent independently a group $C(0)-NR_6R_7$, wherein $\mathbf{R_6}$ and $\mathbf{R_7}$ represent, independently, an alkylamine or a polyalkylamine having the general formula (II):

wherein

 \mathbf{R}_{8} represent a C_{1} - C_{4} alkyl;

 R_9 represents a hydrogen or a polyalkylamine branch of formula (II), said R_8 and R_9 may be the same or different for each

alkylamine unit, $-R_8NR_9-$, in the polyalkylamine of formula (II); and

n represents an integer from 3 to 6.

126. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein \mathbf{R}_1 represents a C(O)R₅ group; \mathbf{R}_5 represents a C₁₂-C₁₈ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{W} represents -CH=CH-; \mathbf{R}_2 represents a C₁₂-C₁₈ linear or branched alkyl or alkenyl; \mathbf{R}_3 and \mathbf{R}_4 form together with the oxygen atoms to which they are bonded a heterocyclic ring comprising -C(O)-[NH-R₈]_n-NH-C(O)-,

wherein

 $\mathbf{R_8}$ represents a C_1-C_4 alkyl, wherein for each alkylamine unit having the formula -NH-R₈-, said R₈ may be the same or different; and \mathbf{n} represents an integer from 3 to 6.

127. (new) The vaccine of Claim 118, wherein said R_8 is a $C_3\text{-}C_4$ alkyl.

128. (new) A kit comprising a sphingoid-polyalkylamine and instructions for use of said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate in combination with a biologically active molecule for the preparation of a vaccine, the biologically active molecule capable of modulating an immune response in a subject.

- 129. (new) The kit of Claim 128, wherein said sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate is N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl spermine (CCS).
- 130. (new) The kit of Claim 129, for the preparation of an influenza vaccine.
- 131. (new) A complex comprising a sphingoid-polyalkylamine conjugate and a biologically active molecule capable of modulating an immune response of a subject.
- 132. (new) The complex of Claim 131 comprising N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl spermine (CCS) associated with said biologically active molecule.
- 133. (new) The complex of Claim 132, wherein said complex comprises a lipid assembly, the lipid assembly comprising N-palmitoyl D-erythro sphingosyl carbamoyl spermine (CCS) associated with said biologically active molecule.
- 134. (new) The complex of Claim 133, wherein said lipid assembly is a liposome, a vesicle or a combination of same.